OTC/MANE-VU STAKEHOLDERS MEETING

MARCH 30, 2020

MANE-VU Technical Support Committee

Overview

- MANE-VU and its Class I areas
- 2019 Commissioners' Charge
- Regional Haze SIPs 2nd Planning Period Status
- Visibility Monitoring Data 2018
 Update
- Tee Up:
 - Co-Benefits of MANE-VU Ask
 - Potential Future Focus Areas



Maine

- Acadia National Park
- Moosehorn Wilderness Area

New Hampshire

- Great Gulf Wilderness Area
- Presidential Range Dry River Wilderness Area

Vermont

Lye Brook Wilderness Area

New Jersey

Brigantine Wilderness Area

New Brunswick Canada

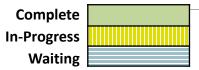
Roosevelt Campobello International Park

TSC Charge and Future Activities

- Coordinate among MANE-VU states & tribes and Federal partners
- 2. Monitor visibility trends for 5-year progress reports (due in 2025)
- 3. Track MANE-VU & upwind state SIP submittals and proposed EPA SIP actions & approvals
- 4. Coordinate with other Regional Planning Organizations as needed
- 5. Review & comment on EPA Regional Haze documents & guidance
- 6. Training

MANE-VU RH SIP Tracker

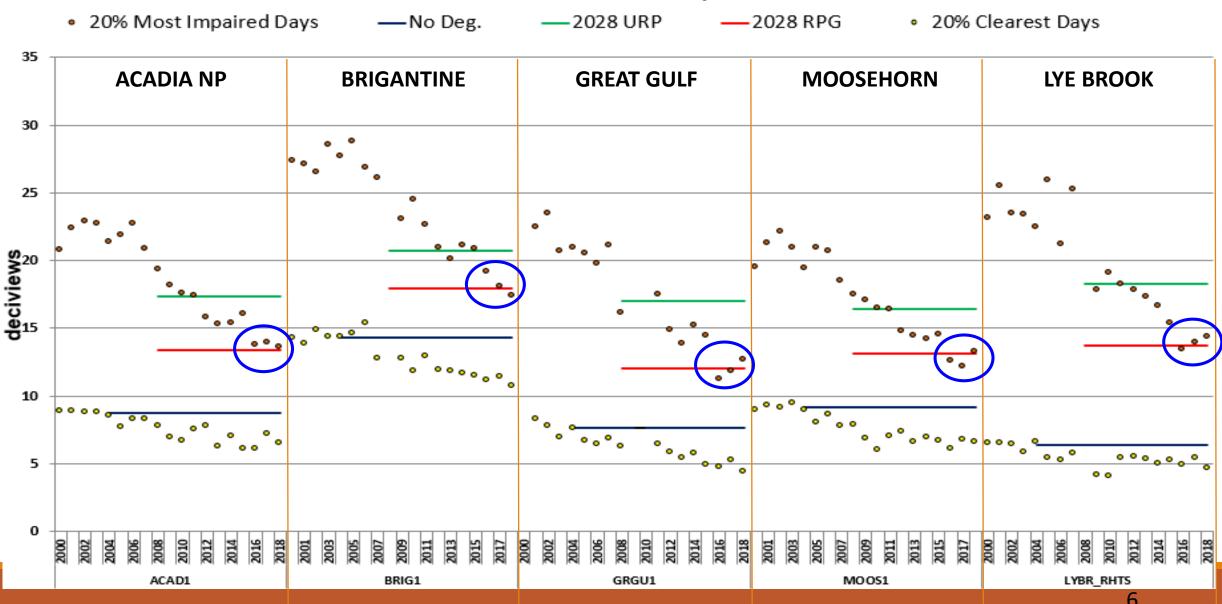
(as of 3/26/2020)



		IMPROVE Data Analysis	Inventory Development & Analysis	Modeling	Consultation with contributing states	State 4-factor analyses completed	Response to MANE-VU Ask Developed	Long-term strategy developed	Initial draft of SIP developed	State rules drafted (as appropriate)	FLM/EPA consultation	Draft SIP Submittal 60-day Clock Started	Public Hearing/Comment	Final SIP Submittal	At EPA	SIP Approved
C.	Т															
D	С															
D	E															
N	1A															
N	1D															
N	1E															
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Visibility is Improving – Current Levels are Near 2028 RPGs

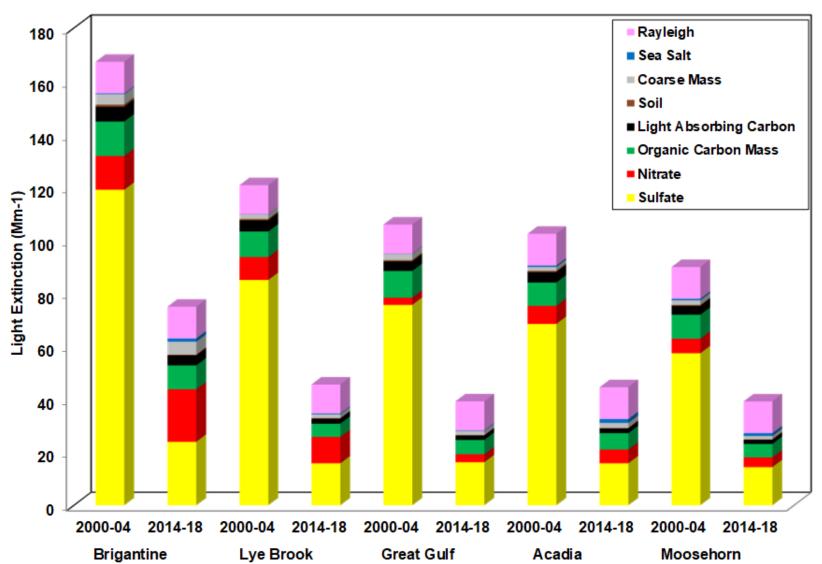
20% MOST IMPAIRED DAYS METRICS / 20% CLEAREST DAYS METRICS



Light Extinction Improvements (Mm⁻¹):

Baseline vs. 2nd RH SIP Planning Goal

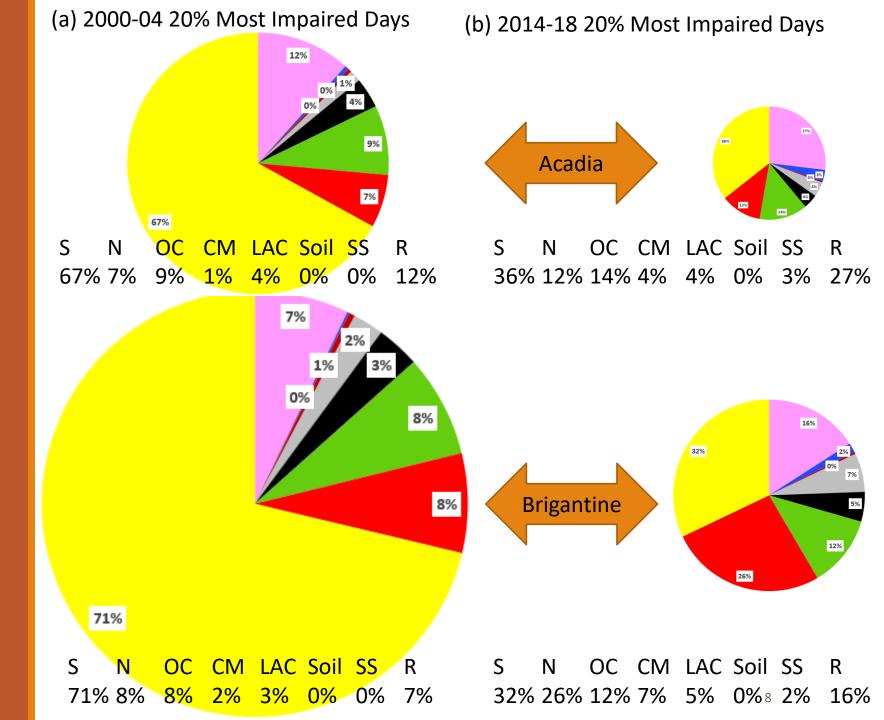




Speciation Changes From Baseline to 2nd RH SIP Planning Goal

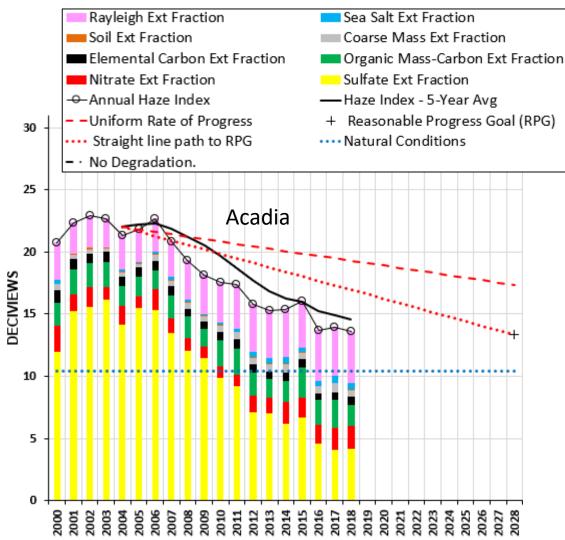
(% of Total Light Extinction)

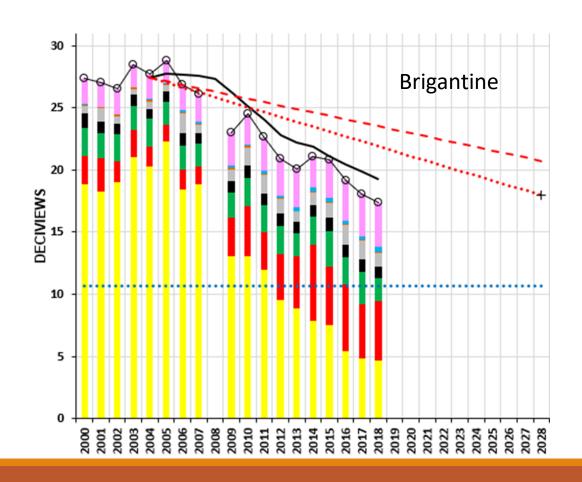




Visibility Metrics Trends

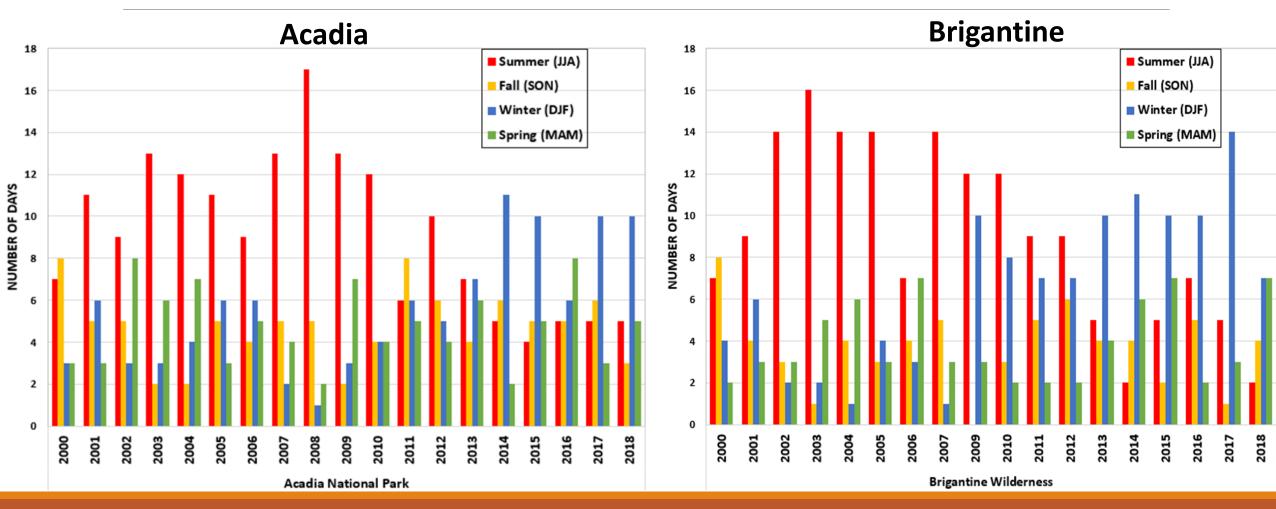
20% Most Impaired Days





Seasonal Changes to Most Impaired Days

Baseline vs. 2nd RH SIP Planning Goal



MANE-VU "Ask" Review

MANE-VU States	Upwind States	FLMs / EPA
 Ensure effective use of installed controls on EGUs (>=25 MW) year- round 	 Ensure effective use of installed controls on EGUs (>=25 MW) year- round 	 FLMs consult with MANE-VU Class I States when scheduling prescribed burns
 4-factor analysis for most important sources (>3 Mm⁻¹ extinction) 	 4-factor analysis for most important sources (> 3 Mm⁻¹ extinction) 	EPA develop measures that will further reduce emissions from
 Complete 2007 low sulfur fuel oil rule 	• Complete 2007 low sulfur fuel oil rule	heavy-duty on-road vehicles
• Update permits and/or rules to reflect already achieved rates for ${\rm SO_2}$, ${\rm NO_X}$, and ${\rm PM_{2.5}}$	• Update permits and/or rules to reflect already achieved rates for SO_2 , NO_X , and $PM_{2.5}$	 EPA ensure that Class I Area state "Asks" are addressed in "contributing" state SIPs prior to approval
• Strive to meet particular NO_X emissions standards or perform 4-factor analysis on HEDD units	 Increase energy efficiency & implement CHP or other DG 	
 Increase energy efficiency and implement CHP or other DG 		

Co-Benefits of MANE-VU "Ask"

- Reductions in precursors of Ozone and PM2.5: NOx and SO₂
- Public Health Improvements
 - Reduced exposure to PM2.5
 - May assist in reductions in ozone exceedance days
- Reduced acidic deposition
- Reduced nitrogen deposition to bays and estuaries (eutrophication)
- Ask 1 important because it extends stationary source NOx reductions to year round (if currently ozone season only)

Potential Future Focus Areas

- Seeing relatively larger collective influence of nitrates, organic carbon and black carbon (light absorbing)
- 20% Most Impaired Days are dominant in the Winter
- Additional Areas to address may include:
 - Support heavy-duty on-road NOx reductions (coordinate with OTC Mobile Source Committee)
 - Winter wood combustion activities (organic carbon, black carbon)
- Assess emission sector trends for particle formation similar to OTC Stationary and Area Source (SAS) Committee methodology for ozone.
- Work with MANE-VU Air Directors on next steps

In Summary

- MANE-VU TSC meeting workplan goals
- States in various stages of SIP writing
- 2018 Visibility Monitoring Data
 - Overall Class 1 areas seeing visibility improvements
 - Most Impaired Days
 - Significant decreases in Sulfate contribution to visibility impairment;
 - Nitrate larger factor in visibility impairment
 - Winter months are becoming increasingly common during 20% most impaired days
- Identify potential areas for future focus

Questions? Thank You!

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